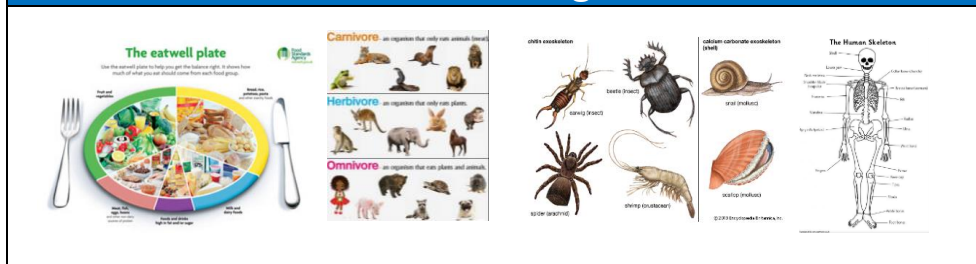


Y3/4 Science: Animals, including humans



Why are we learning about animals, including humans?

We are **building on all our previous learning** in KS1 about living things and their habitats; the human body; offspring of animals; groups of animals; needs of animals and how humans can keep healthy.

This **new learning is important because** we need to know about the human body and the importance of a nutritious diet so that we can live a healthy life. Learning about the similarities and differences between the diverse life forms on our planet helps us to understand how interconnected we are.

This **will help us get ready for future learning** about the human circulatory system and the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way our bodies function. It will also be relevant in a wide range of jobs in the areas of health, fitness and medicine.

Important questions to answer:

- How can we sort the foods that we eat into food groups?
- What makes a healthy meal for a human?
- Are all living things either carnivores, herbivores or omnivores?
- Do all animals have skeletons?
- What bones make up the human skeleton and what do they do?
- How do skeletons move?

Experiences we will have:

- Plan a healthy meal
- Make our own models to show how bones move

Things we need to know:

- To know that the eatwell plate is made up starchy carbohydrates, protein, fruit and vegetables, dairy and fats
- To know that we need to eat a healthy balance of the different food groups
- To know that animals eat only meat, only plants or both animals and plants
- To know how to recognise vertebrates, invertebrates including organisms with exoskeletons
- To know the names of the main bones in the human body and their functions
- To know that bones are pulled into different positions by muscles

Skills we need to learn:

- I can identify foods that belong to the different food groups
- I can describe a healthy meal
- I can categorise animals into carnivores, herbivores and omnivores
- I can explain the characteristics of vertebrates and invertebrates
- I can recall the names of the bones in the human body
- I can create a model to show the role of muscles in movement

Subject Specific Vocabulary:

carbohydrate	carnivore	exoskeleton
protein	herbivore	skull
eatwell plate	omnivore	spine
nutrition	vertebrate	pelvis
fibre	invertebrate	muscle